Cabinet Decision

3rd September 2014



Classification: Unrestricted

Report of: Stephen Halsey, Head of Paid Service, Corporate Director – Communities, Localities and Culture

Food Law Enforcement Service Plan 2014/115

Lead Member	Councillor Shahed Ali, Cabinet Member for Clean and
	Green
Wards affected	All Wards
Community Plan Theme	A Healthy and Supportive Community
Key Decision?	Yes

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1 This report sets out the Council's annual plan for effective enforcement of food safety legislation. The objective of the plan is to ensure that food is produced and sold under hygienic conditions, is without risk to health and is of the quality expected by consumers.
- 1.2 The Food Standards Agency requires local authorities to have in place a Food Law Enforcement Service Plan. The plan will form a significant part of the criteria against which local authorities will be audited by the Agency to assess their effectiveness in ensuring food safety.
- 1.3 The food safety service is a statutory function and the activities of the Service are monitored by the Food Standards Agency (FSA). If the FSA are not satisfied with the performance of the Service, then they are empowered to take the function away and request that a neighbouring Authority take on the functions. This will result in no control over the provision of the Service, reputation risk and loss of budget.
- 1.4 Cabinet are requested to consider the Food Law Enforcement Service Plan 2014/15 and Food Sampling Policy 2014/15 and make recommendations as appropriate and approve this plan.
- 1.5 Cabinet is also asked to note the changes to the implementation of the National Food Hygiene Rating Scheme, which may mean that the percentage of broadly compliant food premises in the Borough may drop initially before improvements are sustained. It is also asked to note the fact that the food safety service

focusses its efforts principally on education and support and only resorts to enforcement where necessary to protect public health. It is felt that due to education and advisory work that food safety officers have undertaken with food business we have been able to reduce the number of closures that have taken place over the last year from 35 to 10.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Mayor in Cabinet is recommended to:-

2.1 Approve the Tower Hamlets Food Law Enforcement Plan 2014/2015 and Food Sampling Policy attached at the Appendix of the report.

3. REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS

3.1 Under the powers given to it by the Food Standards Act 1999 The Food Standards Agency (FSA) oversees and monitors how Local Authorities enforce food safety legislation. The FSA require all Local Authorities to produce and approve an annual plan that sets out how it is going to discharge its responsibilities.

4. **ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS**

4.1 If the Council take no action the FSA have the power to remove food safety responsibilities and engage another authority to deliver the service. The likely scenario would be for a neighbouring Local Authority to be seconded to provide this service. If this did happen the Council would still have to fund the service but would lose Member and management control of it.

5. DETAILS OF REPORT

- 5.1 Under the powers given to it by the Food Standards Act 1999 The Food Standards Agency (FSA) oversees and monitors how Local Authorities enforce food safety legislation. The FSA require all Local Authorities to produce and approve an annual plan that sets out how they are going to discharge their responsibilities.
- 5.2 If the Council takes no action the FSA has the power to remove food safety responsibilities and engage another authority to deliver the service. The likely scenario would be for a neighbouring local authority to be seconded to provide this service. If this did happen the Council would still have to fund the service but would lose Member and management control of it.
- 5.3 The Plan (Appendix One) incorporates the Council's objectives as set out in the Community Plan and the Consumer and Business Regulations Service

Plan. It is particularly relevant to the quality of life and health and wellbeing of residents and visitors to the Borough. The Plan is there to encourage businesses to maintain high standards and help protect customers. It is particularly important in maintaining the reputation of the Borough as a safe place to eat and buy food products. The standard format of the plan will allow easier comparisons with other authorities.

- 5.4 The plan is divided between reactive and proactive work. Reactive work includes consumer complaints and requests for advice or information from the business community, residents, employees in the Borough and tourists. Proactive work comprises mainly the achievement of routine inspection targets. Tower Hamlets at the time of writing has 2,697 food premises which require inspection. The frequency of such inspections is determined by a nationally agreed risk based inspection rating scheme.
- 5.5 Last year the Food Safety Team achieved 85% of all food premises being broadly compliant with the food safety legislation.
- 5.6 The plan also covers the wider remit of food safety work including complaints and enquiries, sampling, food hazard warnings, outbreak control, health promotion, training and publicity. These tasks remain relatively constant year on year.
- 5.7 The plan also highlights some of the major successes during 2013/14. Some notable examples are:-
 - 100% of all A rated high risk premises inspected for food hygiene/standards
 - 94.1% of all A-C rated Food Hygiene premises inspected
 - Engaging with the national horsemeat scandal sampling regime
 - Reducing the number of food premises closed for pest infestations (35 to 10 premises) whilst maintaining public health.
- 5.8 The main indicator used to assess the Council's performance is the proportion of food establishments in the Borough which are broadly compliant with food hygiene law. The performance trend over the last five years for compliance shows a sustained improvement in the Borough. The performance for the last five years is as follows:-
 - 2009/10 81%
 2010/11 86%
 2011/12 86.5%
 2012/13 83%
 2013/14 85%
- 5.9 A range of interventions has been developed aimed at increasing and sustaining this compliance rate. Rate of improvement should also be seen within the context of the high turnover rate of food businesses in the Borough and the advanced age of much of the commercial premises. As the rates of compliance become higher the rate of year on year improvement has tapered off as the residual businesses present the biggest challenges either from a

premises age /condition perspective, or from a business engagement and proficiency perspective.

- 5.10 From 2009-14 funding was received from the Healthy Cities initiative and Public Health budgets to develop a Food for Health Award, which aims to create a culture of healthy food choices for residents/workers in the Borough. A separate Team has been developed to deliver this initiative within the Consumer and Business Regulations Service.
- 5.11 The national "Food Hygiene Rating Scheme" sponsored by the Food Standards Agency allows Local Authorities to publish, using rating criteria, an assessment of the hygiene standards of food premises. The Food Hygiene Rating Scheme has a direct link to the Broadly Compliant indicator. A rating of three or above indicates that the food premises are broadly compliant.
- 5.12 The opportunity for re-rating the Food Hygiene score at re-inspection will be limited, due to changes implemented in November last year. It is therefore expected that our broadly compliant rate will reduce slightly.
- 5.13 Last year concerns were expressed by Members on the number of food premises closures that had taken place in 2012/13, a total of 35. During 2013/14, 10 food premises were closed for pest infestations. It is felt that due to education and advisory work that food safety officers have undertaken with food business we have been able to reduce the number of closures that have taken place.
- 5.14 The number of street food providers in the Borough has increased and we recognise that this has caused concerns. During the course of 2013/14 we inspected 58% of the street food providers in the private markets. These were either new premises or the inspection date for food hygiene fell due in 2013/14.
- 5.15 An Equalities Impact Assessment checklist has been undertaken on the implications of the plan and this is in Appendix two. As a result of performing the EIA checklist, the plan and sampling policy, do not have any adverse effects on people who share Protected Characteristics and no further actions are recommended at this stage.

6. <u>COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER</u>

The report sets out the annual Food Law Enforcement Service Plan 2014/15. There are no specific financial implications emanating from the report. The Service will however need to ensure that the annual plan is delivered within the budgeted resources for the service and that performance levels are maintained at a level as prescribed by the Foods Standards Agency.

7. LEGAL COMMENTS

- 7.1 The Council is the food authority for Tower Hamlets and is responsible for enforcing and executing the provisions of the Food Safety Act 1990 within the borough.
- 7.2 The Food Safety Act 1990, the Food Safety and Hygiene (England)
 Regulations 2013 and the Food Safety (Sampling and Qualifications)
 (England) Regulations provide a framework for food law enforcement and sampling. The Secretary of State has issued the Food Law Code of Practice (England) under section 40 of the Food Safety Act 1990 and the Council is required to have regard to the relevant provisions of the code in carry out its functions under the Act.
- 7.3 Section 3 of the Food Law Code of Practice provides that food authorities should have an up-to-date, documented food law enforcement policy which is readily available to food business operators and consumers. The policy should cover all areas of food law that the Council has a duty to enforce and should include criteria for the use of all available enforcement options.
- 7.4 Section 6 of the Food Law Code of Practice provides that food authorities should prepare and publish a food sampling policy and make it available to businesses and consumers. The policy should set out the Council's general approach to food sampling and its approach in specific situations such a process monitoring, inspections and complaints. The sampling policy should detail the factors that will be taken into account in formulating the sampling programme, including any national or local consumer issues which will influence the level of sampling to be undertaken.
- 7.5 The proposed food law enforcement plan is aligned with the Council's enforcement policy, adopted by the Mayor in Cabinet in October 2012. The food law enforcement plan and the food sampling policy appear to meet the requirements of the Food Law Code of Practice.
- 7.6 Before adopting the Plan, the Council must have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful conduct under the Equality Act 2010, the need to advance equality of opportunity and the need to foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who don't. Information is provided in the report relevant to these considerations.

8. ONE TOWER HAMLETS CONSIDERATIONS

8.1 The equality analysis checklist has been reviewed in respect of this plan and no adverse issues have been identified.

9. SUSTAINABLE ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT

9.1 There are no environmental impacts with regards to this plan.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

- 10.1 The Council as a Food Authority is required to carry out statutory functions in relation to food safety. The annual plan sets out how the Council will fulfil its obligations under this legislation.
- 10.2 Failure to ensure that the council discharges its responsibilities can have serious consequences for the Council and these are set out below.
- 10.3 Should the Council not exercise its duties and provide a food safety service there is the potential that both unsafe and unscrupulous activities would go unchecked and un-enforced, which may lead to serious food borne illness or disadvantage to the residents, consumers and businesses within the borough.
- 10.4 The Food Standards Agency are charged with overseeing the activities of Food Authorities and may carry out audits of the authority to ensure it is meeting the requirements of The Standard for Food Services set out in the Framework Agreement and its statutory functions.
- 10.5 Should the Council not fulfil its obligations as specified above, the Food Standards Agency may use its powers to take away the functions of the authority and place them with another authority to exercise them on its behalf.
- 10.6 In delivering the Plan, the Food Safety Team is reliant on the Services of other key Teams such as Legal Services, Communications and Public Health to provide support to meet the objectives of the Plan.

11. CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION IMPLICATIONS

11.1 There are no crime and disorder reduction implications

12. EFFICIENCY STATEMENT

12.1 There are no efficiency issues relating to this report.

Linked Reports, Appendices and Background Documents

Linked Report

None

Appendices

Appendix 1 – LBTH Food Law Enforcement Plan – 2014/15 Appendix 2 - Equalities Impact Assessment - Checklist

Background Documents – Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements)(Access to Information)(England) Regulations 2012

None

Officer contact details for documents:

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